

PUBLIC



LEDGER

THIRD YEAR.

MAYSVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1894.

ONE CENT.



If you have friends waiting you, or if you are going away on a trip, please drop us a note to let us know.

Mrs. L. V. Davis is in Cincinnati today.

Miss Sophia Williams is visiting near Flemingsburg.

Mr. Sam H. Hall and children went to Cincinnati this morning.

Miss Lizzie Cox of Vanenburg is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Wheeler.

Mrs. J. D. Muse and children are visiting her parents in Fleming county.

Mr. and Mrs. J. James Shackford left Monday to visit several points in the East.

Mrs. Bull of Terre Haute is visiting Miss Bessie Wadsworth of Buffalo Trace.

Mrs. Matilda Eitel left Monday for home in Covington after a lengthy visit here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Power and daughter of Paris returned home yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Judge Wall has returned from a visit to her brother, Dr. Buckner of Cincinnati.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Colter of Cincinnati are the guests of Miss Bessie Wadsworth.

Mrs. Pink McMillan of Tollesboro left this morning to visit her brother at Bloomington, Ill.

Mrs. G. W. Bushy, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. D. Muse, is now bound to visit her parents in Fleming county.

Miss Allie Alexander and Miss Cora Lovelace returned home yesterday afternoon from a most pleasant visit to friends at Tollesboro.

Miss Moore of Haywood and Miss Pauline Schaeffer attended the reception at the College of Music, Cincinnati, Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Chilton, after a week's visit to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ball and other relatives of this city, returned to their home in Charleston, W. Va., last night.

Matter for publication in The Ledger MUST be handed in before 9 o'clock in the morning.

SEE Ballenger the Jeweler.

P. S. REMPER, Fire Ins., 200 Court St. Farmers, insure your tobacco with Duley & Bushy, Mayville, Ky.

Eyes tested and glasses fitted by Dr. P. G. Smoot. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Mr. Joseph Crawford of the firm of Crawford & Cady is ill with the fever.

The Whitmore & Roe saw and planing mills were burnt at Frankfort, involving a loss of \$8,000.

When purchasing Powder, Shot and Loaded Shells don't forget to call at the Frank Owens Hardware Co.

C. C. Degman of Springfield has the Editor's thanks for a supply of elegant sugar corn—the best a poor Editor can afford in these good Democratic good times.

H. T. Sutcliff has withdrawn from the race for Magistrate in District No. 4, comprising the Fera Leaf, Germantown and Murphysville Precincts. This leaves the contest between Powell B. Owens and Samuel E. Mastin.

The serenaders were out in full force last night. The "music" was enough to wake the dead in Ripley. For full particulars ask the neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. Slim Rosenau, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stockton and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hechler.

Mrs. Sallie Miller, widow of William Miller, died at the City Hospital last night. She was advanced in years and had been ill some time. A son survives, but his whereabouts are unknown. Deceased had been for years a member of the M. E. Church, South.

Colonel Isaac M. Lane, Rev. D. P. Holt, Rev. N. G. Grizelle, W. D. Hixson, Joseph H. Dodson and John T. Parker left this morning via a wagonette for the new oilfields at Ruggles Campground. They were armed with a two story shot gun and many visions of good fortune.

Grant Wilcoxson and Miss Rebecca Herndon, both of Nicholas county, came down on the K. C. yesterday morning and married at the Clerk Office, Judge Phister tying the knot in his usual felicitous style. The attendants were Mr. Kenton Standford and Miss Etta Mullin.

Nicholasville will have a trotting and record meeting October 30th and 31st.

A very charming little dancing party was given Monday night by Mrs. John E. Blaine, formerly of this city, at her home in Avondale, in honor of her young daughter's 14th birthday. A delightful feature of the evening was the playing of a wandering minstrel, whose appearance was a complete surprise to the gay little company, though prearranged by Mrs. Blaine.

Dr. C. C. Owens, assisted by Dr. John A. Reed, yesterday afternoon successfully removed a tumor from over the right eye of Miss Bessie Wadsworth, who is making her home in this city with Mr. John Wheeler of East Fourth street. It has caused the young lady lots of trouble of late, and had it been allowed to remain it would no doubt have caused her early death. Her parents reside in Vancamp.

Grateful at mornin, noon and night, Some with a fork, some bite by bite, Exhaust the joys which in them lie; But all will sing and taste at sight In dreamy, half-expressed delight, The pumpkin pie.

—Wa-hington Post.

MAYSVILLE WEATHER.

What We May Expect for the Next Twenty-four Hours.

THE LEDGER'S WEATHER SIGNAL.

White streamer—FAIR;

White—RAIN or SNOW;

With black ABOVE—TWILL WARMER

ROW;

If black's BENEATH—COLDER'll

be;

Unless black's shown—no change

we'll see.

The above forecasts are made for a period of twenty-four hours, ending at 8 o'clock mornin' evenin'.

Governor McKinley has decided to deliver on his Tariff speech in New Orleans on 20th inst.

Superintendent Ryan of the County Infirmary recently hauled out \$60 bushels of coal with a two-horse team.

Sheriff Jefferson yesterday sent to the State Auditor his check for \$17,000, amount of Mason County taxes collected.

The Kentucky Bankers' Association will meet at Paducah tomorrow, continuing the session through the following day.

First Lieutenant P. M. Travis, Eleventh Infantry, has been detailed as Professor of Military Tactics at Georgetown College.

The fourth annual meeting of the Cincinnati County Fair, which closed last Saturday at Hopkinsville, was a decided success.

There was a good attendance at DeKalb Lodge, I. O. O. F., last evening, and there should also be a good one at Ring gold tonight.

From Paris comes the news that Hamon Stitt, a life-long Republican, has announced his intention of supporting the Democratic party in the future.

The Young Regulars defeated Pickett Oldham's Blues by a score of 34 to 8. They challenge the Chester boys for a game of ball Saturday in Chester.

A petition has been filed in the Federal Court for the foreclosure of a mortgage on the terminals of the Kentucky and Indiana Bridge to secure \$400,000 of bonds.

Buchanan Berry was mortally wounded at Turner, Henry county, by C. B. James as the result of an argument growing out of the recent campaign in the Ashland District.

The Kentucky Union Railroad Company has been reorganized under the name of the Lexington and Eastern, with C. C. McDowell of Lexington as President.

Rev. Thomas Hanford, formerly of this city, delivered at Covington on Sunday a powerful sermon on the evils of pool selling—a perfectly legal and polite method of gambling.

Collector Shelby has received instructions from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to extend the time for making rewarshands bonds to November 1st. The first instructions were that the bonds must be made by October 15th.

The Mills revival at Frankfort has resulted in additions to the churches as follows: Baptist 92, First Presbyterian 82, Christian 71, Southern Presbyterian 24, Methodist 31, Episcopal 15, total 315. It was the greatest revival held in Kentucky in years.

Just what should and what should not go in a newspaper is a question that has never been satisfactorily settled. Every newspaper man has his own ideas on the subject and is governed more or less by circumstances, says an exchange. Another quill pushes commenting on this says: "Any it might add, the manhood and good sense of an editor." Generally an editor is not supposed to know what should go into the columns of his paper, but there are divers people, those who possess high newspaper talents, who do know. At least one is led to believe they do by the suggestions they make.

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THE A.P.A.

A FRIENDLY VIEW OF ITS ORIGIN AND PURPOSE.

Authorized Statement From Rev. J. B. Dunn, D.D., Secretary of the Committee of One Hundred in the "A. P. A. in Full Exposition of the Order and Justifies Its Secrecy."

Boston Advertiser.

Many political statements have lately appeared in the press in regard to the American Protective Association, commonly known as the "A. P. A."

Being a secret organization, any person can defend it as he chooses.

The attack made upon it by President Seelye has again aroused public interest in the organization, and the author of the article, in his defense, says: "The Advertiser has therefore obtained from Rev. J. B. Dunn, D.D., Secretary of the Committee of One Hundred, the following authoritative interview.

Rev. Dunn is in close touch with all the patriotic orders and is in almost daily correspondence with their leaders, so that the statement which he makes will be accepted on all sides as an authoritative exposition of the A. P. A. from one of its leading spokesmen. Said Dr. Dunn:

By some critics it is said to have had its origin Canada, and brought to this country by Orangemen; others say it was started in Boston, but it could not be traced to the date of its origin. It is urged that every member of the Association be present, as this is an important event. Other business will be transacted which demands the attention of the members. Let there be a full attendance.

Woden Wedding.

Unique invitations printed on imitation wood paper, have been received by friends of the party of the first part. Now, who would attend after such an invite as this:

Mr. and Mrs. H. Leyland

Wood pleased if you Wood

honour them with your company at the celebration of the 65th anniversary of their marriage, Tuesday evening, October 16th, 1894.

Shenton Street, West Medford, Mass.

LETTER LIST.

Those Who Have Missives in the Maysville Postoffice.

Below is a list of letters remaining called for at the Maysville Postoffice for the week ending October 18th, 1894:

Anderson, Daniel L. Litzinger, Joseph Martini, Miss Minnie M. Prather, J. Taylor, D. S. Duren, Mrs. J. D. Duren, Mrs. F. J. Smith, Miss Laura Bell Smith, Miss Lulu Fowler, Prof. W. W. Walker, Mrs. Sudie

OF—One hundred due on October 18th.

Persons calling for these letters will please say that they are advertised.

Thos. J. Chumwerty, Postmaster.

WEDDED YESTERDAY.

Mr. John G. Wadsworth and Miss Edna Rand Power.

At "Stone Terrace," the handsome suburban home of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Ida Rand Power became the wife of Mr. John G. Wadsworth.

The Rev. T. W. Watts, Pastor of the M. E. Church, South, of which congregation the bride's family are devoted members, performed the ceremony.

The spacious parlors were darkened, and there were tasteful decorations of potted plants and cut flowers.

Only relatives and a few very intimate personal friends were present.

The bride wore a light blue silk with magenta trimmings, which well became one of the most charming members of a family widely known for the beauty and accomplishments of its daughters.

The Frankfort Capital says Mr. Fox

Respect of the Auditor's office, places his losses on the Lexington riots between \$50 and \$700. The loss represents an

attempt to burn down the building.

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accomplishments of its daughters.

Mr. Wadsworth is the son of the late

Hon. W. H. Wadsworth.

The presents were numerous and of a

substantial character.

Those present from a distance were

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wadsworth and chil-

dren of New York, Ida and Charles

Ind., Mr. and Mrs. Chilton of Charlotte,

W. Va., and Mr. and Mrs. Henry A.

Power and daughter of Paris.

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Wad-

sorth took the C. and O. Flyer for New

York, where they will remain several weeks.

Upon returning they will take up their

residence at "Buffalo Trace," the elegant

homestead of the Wadsworth family.

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believe they do by the suggestions they

make.

that Dr. Brownson in his Catholic Review said:

"Undoubtedly it is the intention of the Pope to possess this country, and in this intention he is aided by the Jesuits and all the Catholic prelates and Priests."

And it is a fact that the Roman Catholic hierarchy in Baltimore in 1892, sent out to the American people the declaration, that the mission of their church in this country was to make it Catholic.

"The United States must become a Catholic country."

It is also a fact that Archbishop Ireland, in the Roman Catholic Congress at Baltimore in 1899, exclaimed in a burst of enthusiasm:

"Our work is to make America Catholic."

And to aid in carrying out this mission of making America Catholic was the Catholic Protective Society, the A. P. A. in 1892, organized. Restriction of immigration; extension of time for naturalization; an educational qualification for suffrage; one general non-sectarian free Public School system; no public funds or public property for sectarian purposes; taxation of all property not owned and controlled by the public; the opening to public official inspection of all private schools, convents, monasteries, and places of a reformatory character; no support given for any official public position to any person who recognized the primacy of the Pope; in civil affairs to any foreign or ecclesiastical power; American lands for American settlers.

What are the principles as adopted by the organization and set forth in the documents of its Sunbeam Council, and not such principles as its members say it holds? Here they are summarized. Restriction of immigration; extension of time for naturalization; an educational qualification for suffrage; one general non-sectarian free Public School system; no public funds or public property for sectarian purposes; taxation of all property not owned and controlled by the public; the opening to public official inspection of all private schools, convents, monasteries, and places of a reformatory character; no support given for any official public position to any person who recognized the primacy of the Pope; in civil affairs to any foreign or ecclesiastical power; American lands for American settlers.

What is there un-American about these principles? Any citizen who is of good moral character who approves these principles is eligible to membership, regardless of his place of birth, his creed, or his party affiliations. What is there proscriptive about this?

It is charged against the organization that it is a secret society. Suppose it is. Unless such a society is treasonable or dangerous to the safety and peace of a community by its principles or methods, it has a right to exist. There is nothing in the organization which would prevent a man from combining in organization for any definite object and maintaining their meetings, plans and deliberations in secret if they so choose. It is something very noticeable that those who rail against the A. P. A. because of its secrecy features have nothing to say about other secret societies, such as the Clan-na-gael, the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the Foresters, the Jesuits, etc.

It is again charged that the A. P. A. requires of its members the taking of oaths never to trade with or employ a Roman Catholic. This charge, on the authority of those who know, I brand as a falsehood. In the obligations taken by the members of the organization to be found about trading with or employing Roman Catholics. Nor is there one word said about not voting for a man because of his religion. Yet The Catholic Review, perhaps the ablest Roman Catholic journal in America, in an editorial of November 30th, 1890, (before there was much talk of the A. P. A.) said:

"One of its leading principles is that it shall not interfere with any man's religion, except his religious interference with politics or good citizenship, and those who charge the A. P. A. with inciting religious war make a false charge. Even the Catholic Western Watchman, published in St. Louis, admits this. It says:

"THE PRESENT OPPOSITION TO CATHOLICISM IS NOT AGAINST THE RELIGION OF CATHOLICS, BUT AGAINST THEIR POLITICAL MORALS, THAT ARE A DISGRACE TO THEIR COUNTRY."

The critics of the A. P. A. ought to go to the root of the matter. The average citizen looks with disgust and alarm at the condition of things in the Nation. He knows it is the veriest trash to deny that Roman Catholics in this country have not been claiming and also getting more than they are justly entitled to in proportion to their population. There is not a large city in the land—unless perhaps it is Philadelphia—that is not under bondage to Rome, and where \$0 to 90 per cent. of the offices, especially the high-salaried, are not filled by the members of that church. Even Washington Gladwin, who has so boldly denounced the A. P. A. as an usurper of its natural right to Romanism, if he had been honest, could have found plenty of material out of which to frame an indictment against that church, for he says:

"For one I confess that I cannot look with complacency upon the attitude of some of the Roman Catholic leaders towards the Public Schools, and their attempts to use the municipal machinery for their own purposes, where they have the power, are not reassuring."

I have the greatest respect for the personal integrity of the average Roman Catholic laymen who assert that they are loyal citizens of the Republic, and honestly think they are. Yes, I am willing to believe that they have no wish to interfere with the liberties and institutions of America. But it must be borne in mind that they belong to a system in which free agency is impossible. The Vatican claims absolute and supreme authority in all things, civic as well as spiritual, and over the consciences of men. In an encyclical issued by Leo XIII, at Rome, January 10th, 1890, Roman Catholics are to serve first the interests of the church, and to submit than the civil laws to God himself, and that the civil laws are binding on them only so long as they are conformable to the Roman Catholic religion. In that same encyclical the Pope says it is a duty to resist all civil laws hostile to anything ordered by the church, and a crime to obey them. These being the facts, is it not quite certain that whatever his private or personal opinion and feelings may be as an American citizen, every good Roman Catholic

must support the church as against the state?

Now, no one objects to Roman Catholics taking an active part in politics, if they will do as American citizens and with a spirit of patriotism and a desire to do the welfare of the Republic.

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"This is the rule for the Catholic voter in present conditions: when a Catholic candidate is on the ticket and his opponent is a non-Catholic, let the Catholic have the vote, no matter what he represents."

Just as groundless is the charge that the A. P. A. is a ring of the Republican party. It is neither the wing nor tail of any party. Its members are seeking to place in official positions true and tried loyal Americans who will administer public office for public good.

Thus briefly I have sketched the origin, principles and aims of the American Protective Association. From this it will be seen how greatly the public has been deceived by newspaper reports, not the reporters so much as the editors, who will not be called to account for their errors. As far as I can see, the organization has been imposed upon by designing or ignorant men. As far astray from the real facts in the case were some of the reports published as to the causes that created the surprises of recent elections that threw political schemers and machine party leaders into confusion and upset all their accustomed calculations and defeated petted candidates and schemes.

Further surprises in city, state and National elections still await all such. A new era of better things is being ushered in.

Reliable tobacco insurance. W. R. Warder.

Have you the headache? If so, cure it by taking Cheneoweth's Headache Cure.

Call and see our stock and prices on Guns and Pistols.

JOHN OWENS HARDWARE CO.

Coal! Coal!

The Citizens' Coal Company on Commerce street, Fifth Ward, have received a fresh supply of Peacock Coal, equal to the coal used in the Peacock Coal, and will sell delivered, for cash, as well as on credit in the market. All orders promptly filled.

J. HAMILTON, Agent.

Public Sale!

I will offer for sale on

Thursday, October 26th, 1894,

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

THOMAS A. DAVIS,
EDITOR AND OWNER.

OFFICE—Public Ledger Building, No. 19 West Third Street.

SUBSCRIPTIONS—IN ADVANCE.
One Year \$12.00
Six Months \$6.00
Three Months \$3.00
Per Month \$1.00
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.
25 Cents
Payable to carrier at end of month.



LARGEST IN THE CITY.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertising rates uniform and reasonable and made known on application at the office.

Subscribers who fail to get The Ledger regularly will receive a refund of the sum paid at the office.

Republican Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. SAMUEL J. PUGH,
OF LEWIS.

FOR JUDGE,
M. C. HUTCHINS.

COUNTY ATTORNEY,
GEORGE W. ADAIR.

FOR CLERK,
WILLIAM D. COCHRAN.

FOR JAILER,
JOHN JOHNSON.

FOR SHERIFF,
THAD F. MOORE.

FOR CORONER,
ROB STOCKTON.

FOR ASSessor,
J. DAVID DYE.

FOR SURVEYOR,
T. P. BULLOCK.

America!
American Laws!
American Goods!
American Wages!
American Citizens!
American Institutions
Are Good Enough for
THE LEDGER!

The Hull Daily News, of England,
says of the Gorman Tariff:

"The advantage to England from the new tariff will be felt principally in the manufacturing centers such as Bradford, Huddersfield and the neighborhood, where the McKinley Tariff wrought so much harm. We may expect in Hull to gain something from increased shipments of goods, and so far as we can judge we shall not have long to wait."

Exports of merchandise from the United States during September, 1894, were \$59,083,863, against \$72,095,708 for September, 1893. Imports for the month were \$50,859,510 for 1894 and \$46,320,612 for 1893.

It is figures like these that prove the Republican battle-cry that a Protective Tariff is the best policy for the United States. Under the McKinley Law, in September, 1893, we shipped to "the markets of the world" \$72,095,708 worth of American merchandise, while in the same month of 1894, under the new Democratic "Free-trade" Tariff, we shipped only \$59,083,863—a loss of \$12,985,708 in a single month.

A WASHINGTON special to The Commercial Gazette gives a truthful but gloomy account of the financial situation brought about by the incapacity of the present Democratic Administration.

On the 6th of August the last lot of gold was exported. Then the gold reserve had fallen to \$53,000,000. After a struggle of more than two months the reserve has just passed the \$40,000,000 mark, and is still below the figures recorded early in the year, when it was thought necessary to issue \$50,000,000 in bonds.

The Treasury officials who have worried over the condition of the Treasury had been happy and confident that the worst was over. Their confidence was destroyed Monday when they received notice from Sub-Treasurer JONATHAN A. New York that \$600,000 of gold had been engaged for export. They knew the rate of exchange was high enough to make exportation of gold profitable as a speculation, but hoped they would not be confronted with such a situation. While Treasury officials take an optimistic view of affairs, and pretend to believe that

such exportations are not likely to continue, there is every evidence that other exportations will follow in rapid succession, and that by election time the gold reserve will have fallen lower than at any time in the present administration of affairs.

The withdrawal of gold is not the only thing that makes the situation look unfavorable from a financial standpoint. The statement of the Treasury's condition is not satisfactory. It appears that for the month of September the exports this year were \$13,000,000 less than they were in 1893, and the imports a little more than \$4,000,000 larger. At that ratio the exports for the year would fall off \$150,000,000, and the imports increase \$48,000,000, each million of imports taking that much from the American laborer. It is also interesting to note that for this September the excess of exports over imports was but \$8,500,000 for the same month last year. That is not favorable. The excess of imports of gold over exports was about \$500,000 as compared to more than \$5,000,000 for the same period last year, while for the nine months of this year the excess of exports of gold over imports has been \$73,003,919, and for the same period last year it was but \$10,317,882, and that was considered very unfavorable.

Bre'r MARSU will find much food for reflection in the foregoing figures.

IN 1892 WILLIAM L. WILSON was elected to Congress from the Second West Virginia District by a majority of 1,051 in a total poll of 42,563. From 1890 to 1892 the Republicans voted the District increased 2,883, the Democratic vote 1,372—a Republican gain of 1,000 in a year that was decidedly an off year for Republicans the country over. This year a change of 526 votes would defeat Mr. WILSON. This would require an average change of 35 votes to a county, or 5 votes to every 400 the District over the vote of 1892. With the dissatisfaction in the District and a Republican fugitive on Mr. WILSON's track, the fight is one of very decided interest.

IN 1860, after fourteen years of Free-trade, there were 1,312,000 workmen employed in our manufacturing industries. In 1870 they had increased to 2,054,000, a gain of 74,000 a year. In 1880 they numbered 2,740,000, or an increase of 59,000 a year. In 1890 there were 4,712,000 hands employed, an increase of 196,000 a year, and in 1892 there were over 5,300,000 hands at work, a further increase of over 300,000 a year under Protection. In 1860 these workers received \$380,000,000 in wages, or \$289 per hand. In 1890 the pay roll amounted to \$2,282,000,000, equal to \$455 for every man, woman and child so employed. In 1890 the wage earners of the country, under Protection, had nearly two billion dollars a year more money to spend than in 1860 under Free-trade. This was good for business, for manufacturers, merchants and storekeepers.

How's This?
We offer our services to reward for the capture of Cather Carr, the author of Hall's Cather Carr. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Boston, Mass., have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financial aid to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX.
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O., WALTERS, KINNEY & MARVIN, 100 W. State Street, Toledo, O. Hall's Cather Carr is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

J. J. FITZGERALD,
Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter,
41 West Second Street,
JEWEL GAS STOVES,
MAYSVILLE, KY.

Dr. J. H. SAMUEL,
Ex-resident Surgeon Good Samaritan Hospital,
Superintendent Louisville General Hospital,
Physician and Surgeon.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Third street, opposite
the Courthouse.

MAYSVILLE—
Manufacturing Company,
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,

Verandas, Moldings, &c. Store Fixtures and
Star Building Specialties. Factory—Lower
end of street railway.
L. M. MILLIS, Manager.

C. D. OUTTEN HAS

THE AGENCY FOR
The Champion Iron Co.,
Kenton, O.

IRON FENCING OF ANY
Cresting and Weather
Sims or Style. Vans,
Vases and Sets for
Cemetery Ornaments, Pitching Posts.

Estimates furnished on work or any kind.

WICKY DROPS TWO CENTS.

PRONIA, Ill., Oct. 17.—The whisky trust, Tuesday, announced a reduction of two cents per proof gallon in all goods, which is equivalent to nearly four cents wine gallon.

Estimates furnished on work or any kind.

NEW OFFICES.

What the Congress Did at the
Last Session.

The Annual Volume Showing Appropria-
tions Just Completed.

Total Amount Appropriated by the Fifty-
third Congress for War \$492,320,685—
Number of New Offices Created
476—Offices Abolished 95.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The annual

volume showing the appropriations made and the new offices created by the Congress is now ready. It was prepared under the direction of the committee on appropriations has just been completed by T. P. Cleaves and J. C. Courts, clerks respectively of the committee, and approved by the committee and shows that the total amount of appropriations made at the first and second sessions of the Fifty-third congress amount to \$391,156,005, the permanent appropriations \$101,074,000, making a grand total of \$492,320,685.

The new offices created are 476 in number, at an annual cost of \$65,4712, and the offices omitted and abolished are 923 in number at an annual cost of \$133,992, making a net reduction of number of 449 at an annual cost of \$21,479.

The cost increased set ten in number at an annual cost of \$33,741, and the salaries reduced six \$200,000 a net reduction of fifteen thousand and a number of 449 at an annual cost of \$21,479.

The offices omitted and abolished are mainly in the following departments and bureaus: New offices in the civil service commission, 41; navy department, 1; board of justice, 9; district of Columbia, 7; telegraph, 1; post office, 11; offices abolished in the treasury department, 161; independent treasury, 13; war department, 382; interior department, 5; post office department, 12; agricultural department, 16; coast survey, 9; military establishment, 15.

The appropriations by departments for the two sessions were as follows:

Agricultural..... \$ 3,500,000
Post office..... 25,000,000

Diplomatic and consular..... 1,503,914

District of Columbia..... 5,456,671

Expenditures for pensions..... 10,695,568

Legislative etc..... 21,205,583

Mail and post roads..... 23,327,174

Navy..... 151,581,000

Penitentiaries..... 101,074,000

Rivers and harbors..... 11,643,198

Sundry harbors..... 34,383,771

Transportation..... 1,100,000

Miscellaneous..... 577,996

Total..... \$101,074,000

Permanent appropriations..... 101,074,000

Total appropriations..... \$492,320,685

—A Forger Located.

SALEM, O., Oct. 17.—Walter Evans,

formerly a resident of West township,

this county, who forged notes amount-

ing to several thousand and dis-

persed them about a year ago, has been

caught near Springfield, where he has

been living for the past year.

He is accused of having forged a

note of \$100,000 for the

Bank of Salem, and is now in jail.

He left the house early in the evening

to do some chores, and was not seen

again. Everything points to murder,

with robbery as the motive.

Carriage Builders Meet.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—The second

annual convention of the National

Carriage Builders association were

Tuesday with delegates present from

all parts of the country. In connection

with the convention there is an ex-

hibit exhibit by members of the associa-

tion.

To Blow Up the London Jail.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 17.—Chief of Po-

lice here signed a warrant from Salt Lake City to apprehend

John Dillill, a fugitive from the

state of New Mexico, who is wanted

for trial on charges of having com-

mitted a number of robberies in the

state of New Mexico.

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A NEW THING UNDER THE SUN MAYSVILLE-MADE SHOES! FOR SALE AT BARKLEY'S.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



OUR DAILY MAIL.

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Correspondents will please send Letters to the Editor of this Paper, 3 o'clock P.M. Give facts to a few words as possible. We welcome news in this department, and not advertising notices or political statements.

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Blodell Springs—H. H. Hunter.

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Mr. Gidens—John Gidens.

Mr. Gidens—John G